

## ***Transportation and News Service as Factors of Productivity and Growth of the Socialist Society***

by *Gerhard Rehbein* and  
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The dynamics of the scientific-technical revolution demand under the conditions of the economic system of socialism for extensive strategic decisions in the management of the National Economy and its branches. Effective decisions concerning the structure of the National Economy are only possible on the basis of scientifically founded prognostic prediction of the social development.

This is also true for transportation and news services as the most important branches of our National Economy the importance of which is steadily growing. Transportation and news services are closely connected with other branches of the National Economy. Therefore a prognosis must reconsider as well the tendencies of the development on which it bases as also the general political economic conditions of development. This becomes particularly clear if one sees the three pillars of the economic branch transportation and news service, goods traffic, passengers-traffic and intercommunication in the basic tendencies of their development. So the changes in the structure of energy, chemization of the National Economy, the reduction of the material intensity of production, the concentration of production and the development of the container transport have consequences for the structure and tasks of goods transportation. The situation in the development of the passenger-traffic and intercommunication is similar. The planned development of the living standard of the population on the one hand leads to new needs in the fields of tourist traffic and on the other hand to a rearrangement of the non-

public tourist traffic. From this important tasks result as well for the institutions of traffic als also especially for the local organs which have to reconsider the development of transportation and news service in the prognosis and perspective plans.

## ***Political Science in the State-Monopolist System of Rule of the West German Federal Republic***

by *Wolfgang Krueger*

With the transition to the system of state-monopolist capitalism, the increase of class-antagonism, the growing complexity of all social processes and not at least by the growing role of the imperialist state in all social spheres in all imperialist countries Political Science came more and more forward and to-day it takes as well institutionally as personally an eminent place among the bourgeois sciences.

Its essential tasks are firstly to support the imperialist apologetics of the state-monopolist system of rule. Secondly it takes an essential part in the "rationalization" and perfection of the imperialist power apparatus by modelling new, more effective structures of rule, by the device of long-term socio-political conceptions as well as by the working out of technics for planification and regulation. At present the discussion on the different models on "scientific deliberation" of the imperialist policy and of ways for its practical realization takes a special place.

The different forms of "scientific deliberation" in the Bonn state however show that these strives fail where they affect the aims of the imperialist home and foreign policies contrary to the objective development. If the basic reason for the