

consequences which result from decisions on balancing shall be conveyed by the nexus of different spheres of management to that partner which has caused them. In future the elaboration and realization of the balance shall mainly be carried out by contracts.

Methodological Problems of Investigation into Consciousness of Law

by *Hans-H. Froehlich*

Starting from the socially changing effect of different forms of consciousness the author underlines the role of understanding the law, the position to the law and perception of law in the social process of determination. For taking an effective and aimed influence on the processes of consciousness one needs empirical investigations which correspond with the demands of exact scientism. Methodological penetration of the sphere of research has its starting point in the scientific-theoretical positions and their implications and continues it to the individual method (choice of the indicator) and interpretative use of the results. On the basis of the conceptual analysis of the legal consciousness are distinguished emotionally represented rationally worked and ideologically systematized relations of value to the law. As spheres of investigation into the psychology of legal consciousness the author proposes according to the above mentioned ideas: 1. perception of law and legal feeling, 2. legal knowledge and understanding of the law, 3. valuation of the law and legal ideology, 4. motives and legal attitude. The analysis of the structure of the legal consciousness makes visible the necessity and suitability of a distinction of (related to the sub-

ject) inner aspects and (related to the object) normative aspects. The elements of the structure of legal consciousness which can be differentiated in further partial aspects are summed up in a matrix. This form of description does not only allow a comprehensive representation of all sides of legal consciousness but also the placing (working out or attaching) of the indicators in the structure of problems. The matrix contains the methodological value (valency) of the indicators. The social ability to value the indicators is however determined by the social system of relations which any investigation is connected with.

Finally is given a review on the basic types of the shaping of the indicator with respect to the sphere of problems concerning the legal consciousness: 1. the method of composition, 2. verbal forms of interrogation, 3. the method of exempla ficta, 4. variants of the method of questionnaire, 5. observing and experimental methods. Some preconditions for the indication of certain methodical techniques are mentioned. The necessity of a co-work of the different branches of science is underlined.

Problems of Use of the Cybernetic Method of Patterns in Criminology

by *Gunter Herzog*

The cybernetic method of patterns provides possibilities in criminology for a more exact and deeper penetration of its object of research. Research in criminology has to start from the individual criminal social behaviour. This behaviour can be described in patterns. In arranging the pattern one has to proceed from the relation between the acting individual and his social environment.