

United Nations of its acceptance of the amendment, and, if the amendment has not become effective by such time, it shall be considered withdrawn. The Council shall provide the Secretary-General with the information necessary to determine whether the notifications of acceptance received are sufficient to make the amendment effective.

2. Any member on behalf of which notification of acceptance of an amendment has not been made by the date on which such amendment becomes effective shall as of that date cease to participate in this Agreement, unless any such member satisfies the Council at its first meeting following the effective date of the amendment that acceptance could not be secured in time owing to difficulties in completing its constitutional procedures, and the Council decides to extend for such member the period fixed for acceptance until these difficulties have been overcome. Such member shall not be bound by the amendment before it has notified its acceptance thereof.

#### Article 77

##### Supplementary and Transitional Provisions

1. This Agreement shall be considered as a continuation of the International Cocoa Agreement, 1972.

2. In order to facilitate the uninterrupted continuation of the International Cocoa Agreement, 1972:

(a) AD acts by or on behalf of the Organization or any of its organs under the International Cocoa Agreement, 1972 which are in effect on 30 September 1976 and the terms of which do not provide for expiry on that date shall remain in effect unless changed under the provisions of this Agreement.

(b) AU decisions required to be taken by the Council of the International Cocoa Agreement, 1972 during the 1975/1976 quota year for application in the 1976/1977 quota year shall be taken during the last regular session of that Council in the 1975/1976 quota year and applied on a provisional basis as if this Agreement had already entered into force, provided that if any member requests review of any such decision, that decision must be confirmed by the Council, by special or simple distributed majority vote in accordance with this Agreement, within 90 days after the entry into force of this Agreement.

#### Article 78

##### Authentic Texts of this Agreement

The texts of this Agreement in the English, French, Russian and Spanish languages shall be equally authentic. The originals shall be deposited in the archives of the United Nations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the undersigned, having been duly authorized to this effect by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement on the dates appearing opposite their signatures.

## ANNEXES

### ANNEX A

#### Countries subject to basic quotas under paragraph 1 of Article 30

Brazil  
Dominican Republic  
Equatorial Guinea  
Ghana  
Ivory Coast  
Mexico  
Nigeria  
Togo  
United Republic of Cameroon

## ANNEX B

### Countries producing less than 10,000 tonnes of bulk cocoa annually

Country	Production in thousands of tonnes	
	1972/73	1973/74
Malaysia	7.0	10.0
Sierra Leone	6.6	7.7
Zaire	5.0	5.0
Gabon	5.0	5.0
Philippines	3.5	4.0
Haiti	3.5	3.5
Liberia	3.0	3.1
Congo	2.1	2.1
Cuba	2.0	2.0
Peru	2.0	2.0
Bolivia	1.4	1.4
New Hebrides	0.8	0.7
Angola	0.6	0.7
Guatemala	0.6	0.7
Nicaragua	0.6	0.6
United Republic of Tanzania	0.6	0.6
Uganda	0.5	0.5
Honduras	0.3	0.3
	45.1	49.9

Source: Quarterly Bulletin of Cocoa Statistics (Vol I, No. 4)

## ANNEX G

### Fine or flavour cocoa producers

#### 1. Exporting countries producing exclusively fine or flavour cocoa

Dominica  
Ecuador  
Grenada  
Indonesia  
Jamaica  
Madagascar  
Panama  
Sri Lanka  
St. Lucia  
St. Vincent  
Surinam  
Trinidad and Tobago  
Venezuela  
Western Samoa

#### 2. Exporting countries producing fine or flavour cocoa, but not exclusively

		Production in thousands of tonnes	
		1972/73	1973/74
Costa Rica	(25 per cent)	5.0	6.0
Sao Tome and Principe	(50 per cent)	11.3	10.4
Papua New Guinea	(75 per cent)	23.1	30.0
		39.4	46.4

Source: Quarterly Bulletin of Cocoa Statistics (Vol I, No. 4)